1. Consonantal Bufformatives

- (1) Write the bane form (e.g. X12).
- (11) Add the consonantal sufformative to the end of the base form (e.g. \$\Pi\)\(\mathbf{1}\)\(\mathbf{1}\)\(\mathbf{2}\).

NOTE: An alternate way for adding consonantal sufformatives in this stem is as follows:

- (i) Write the base form (e.g. X) 1).
- (ii) Add the consonantal sufformative to the end of the base form by means of a helping vowel which is a long seghol (e.g. אָרָן ה).
- (iii) Drop the vowel under the personal preformative to a vocal shewa (e.g. 7) 329 written without the vowel letter waw).

ii. Vocalic Sufformatives

- (i) Write the base form (e.g. X)2).
- (ii) Add the vocalic sufformative to the end of the base form (e.g. ()) 1).
- (b) Personal Preformatives

The personal preformatives are added to the front of the base form by means of a qames (e,g, אובואנה, מביאינה of the base form by means of a qames (e,g, אובי, הוא ביאינה).

- (3) Imperative
 - (a) No Sufformative

The form is X) 3.

- (b) Consonantal Sufformative
 - i. Write the base form (e.g. Xiz).
 - ii. Add the consonantal sufformative to the end of the base form (e.g. אָנָה).
- (c) Vocalic Sufformatives
 - i. Write the base form (e.g. X) 2).
 - ii. Add the vocalic sufformative to the end of the base form (e.g.) X) 1.