

iii. Add the consonantal sufformative to the end of the base form (e.g.  $\text{בִּשְׁׁוֹׁל}$ ).

iv. Retain the vowel after the first letter of the verbal root except with heavy consonantal sufformatives where it changes to a qameץ ḥaṭuph (e.g.  $\text{בִּשְׁׁוֹׁל}$  - written without the vowel letter waw, and  $\text{בִּשְׁׁוֹׁל}$ ).

(c) Vocalic Sufformatives

i. Write the base form (e.g.  $\text{בִּשְׁׁוֹׁל}$ ).

ii. Add the vocalic sufformative to the end of the base form (e.g.  $\text{בִּשְׁׁוֹׁל}$ ).

(2) Imperfect Tense

(a) Sufformatives

i. Consonantal Sufformatives

(i) Write the base form (e.g.  $\text{בִּשְׁׁוֹׁל}$ ).

(ii) Put a silent shewa under the last letter of the base form (e.g.  $\text{בִּשְׁׁוֹׁל}$ ).

(iii) Add the consonantal sufformative to the end of the base form (e.g.  $\text{בִּשְׁׁוֹׁל}$ ).

ii. Vocalic Sufformatives

(i) Write the base form (e.g.  $\text{בִּשְׁׁוֹׁל}$ ).

(ii) Add the vocalic sufformative to the end of the base form (e.g.  $\text{בִּשְׁׁוֹׁל}$ ).

(b) Personal Preformatives

The personal preformatives are added to the front of the base form by means of a šere (e.g.  $\text{בִּשְׁׁוֹׁל}$ ,  $\text{בִּשְׁׁוֹׁל}$  - written without the vowel letter waw, and  $\text{בִּשְׁׁוֹׁל}$ ).

(3) Imperative

(a) No Sufformative

The form is  $\text{בִּשְׁׁוֹׁל}$ .

(b) Consonantal Sufformative