F. The Psalm Titles of Individual Psalms.

1. Attitudes toward the Psalm titles.

a. The Psalm titles are wholly worthless and misleading.

-This is the general attitude of liberal scholars.

-Note that the <u>NEB</u> omits all Psalm titles, saying: "They are almost certainly not original"

However, they add the designations of speakers in the Song of Solomon which they admit are truly not original.

- b. The Psalm titles are of <u>value</u>, but they are <u>not</u> <u>inspired</u>.
  - -This is the attitude expressed by John Richard Sampey in his article on the Book of Psalms in the International Standard Bible Encyclopedia (ISBE).

-Sampey's argument: Psalm titles are obviously <u>very old</u>. -Are in <u>LXX</u> but the translators did not know what some of the words in the titles meant. => Existed long before the LXX translation was made.

-Even if titles were <u>added during or after the exile</u>, are still valuable as editors were closer to the time of writing and had better sources concerning date and authorship than we now have.

-Liberals say that soribes read the OT and connected Psalms with stories in Kings and Chronicles. -But there is historical data in Psalm titles not in OT narratives (cf. Psalm 7 -- who was Cush?).

Sampey says <u>some titles may be original</u> or from before the exile.
This is also the view of Perowne: Some are genuine (by the original author), <u>others are based on correct data</u>, while others are <u>simply conjecture</u> and tradition.
Try to judge reliability by critical methods (internal evidence, etc.).

-The editors of the TEV put the Psalm titles in their footnotes, not do not include them in the text. -Will omit portions of titles ("to the choir director" in Psa. 51, 56) and paraphrase the rest (cf. Psa. 51, 56).

c. The Psalm titles are inspired.

-This is the attitude commended to the class.