c. The Lord says, "Now you see all those armies up there in Merom. Do you know what is going to happen by this time tomorrow. They are going to be delivered to you and they are all going to be killed."
d. So Joshua comes up, surprises them, attacks them and by the next day all of that huge army is wiped out.
e. The Lord told Moses, "I want you to hamstring the horses and burn áali the chariots."

1) Why did he tell them that?
2) He didn't want them trusting in horses or chariots, but to trust in Him.
f. So Hazor has all his army defeated.
g. And then Joshua comes to Hazor and Jabin is there and he was killed and his city is burnt.
h. Joshua also destroyed the cities from which the armies had come and their inhabitants.
i. The Word of God says the Lord hardened their hearts to make war against Israel so that he might destroy them totally, exterminating them without mercy.
j. It is very interesting that Joshua did conquer the land that the ten spies said couldn't be taken.
ii. Tabulation of victories (11:21-12:24)
a. The land has rest after the cities are taken.
b. In chapter 12, what you have is a list of all the king that Joshua defeated.
3) He defeated two kings on the eastern side of the Jordan River, Og and Sihon.
4) He defeated 31 kings on the western side of the Jordan River.
c. He defeated a total of 33 kings.
d. The land has been conquered, the land that God had promised to the people of Israel.

## C. The division of the land (13-22)

1. The land mass (13:1-8)
i. In chapter 13, the Lord tells Joshua, "Even though you are old and advanced in years, I want you to go up and take some of the land that the Canaanites still hold and drive the Canaanites out."
a. You had Canaanites scattered throughout the land in different pockets.
ii. He says, "The land up by Sihon I am going to drive them out myself. I want you to take the land on the western side and divide it among the
